













# Regulatory Oversight

- In addition to Ministry, courts, appeal tribunals & Fairness Commissioner
  - NB Ontario already has Delegated Administrative Authorities
- McMaster:
  - Structure: Combine regulatory bodies
  - Who: Independent agency like the Professional Standards Authority
  - Criteria: Risk-based, competencies, performance measures (Darrel to address)



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# Regulatory Oversight

#### **BC** Reliance Review:

- Greater government involvement in defining public interest & setting standards
- Regulatory initiatives should not require membership approvals
- Natural resources regulators should have one oversight body and should report through one Ministry



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# Regulatory Oversight

#### BC Independent Advisory Group:

• Independent oversight office that can review individual decisions and conduct an annual effectiveness assessment



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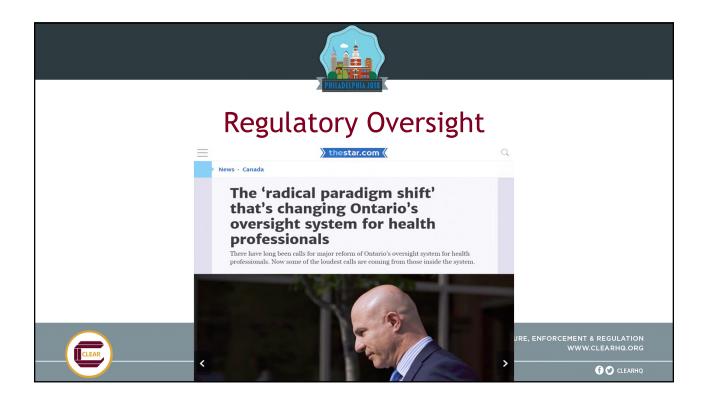
## Regulatory Oversight

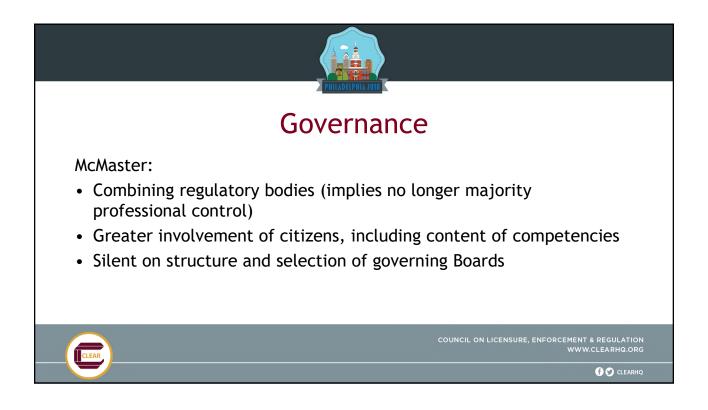
#### SATF:

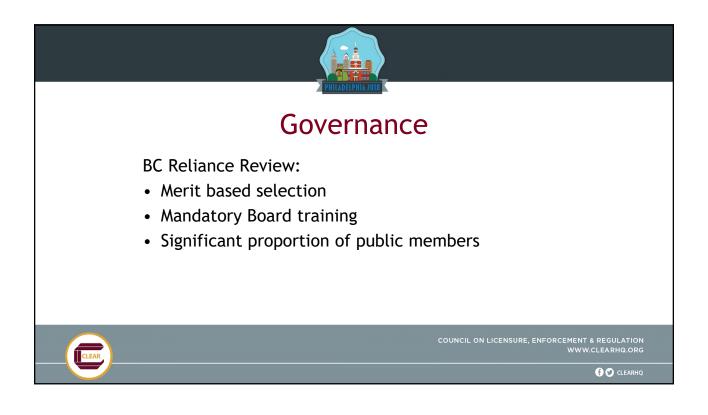
- Remove sexual abuse matters from regulators, use centralized, independent agency
- Resulting amendments permit government to "clarify" how the regulator is required to perform its functions related to sexual abuse

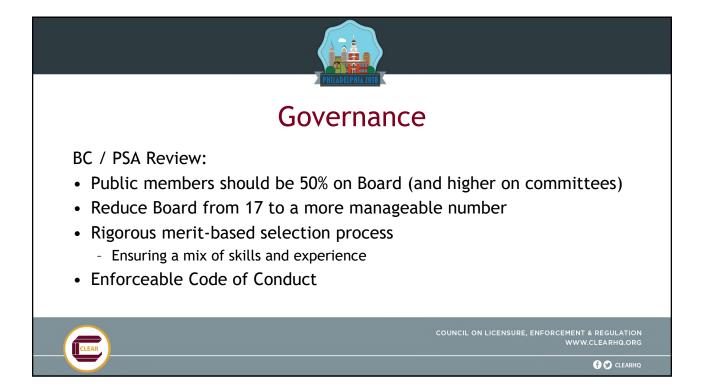














# Regulatory Oversight

#### BC Independent Advisory Group:

- Board have 50% public representations
  - Public members be selected on basis of merit
- Elected Board members eligible for a second term



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### Governance

#### CNO Vision 20/20:

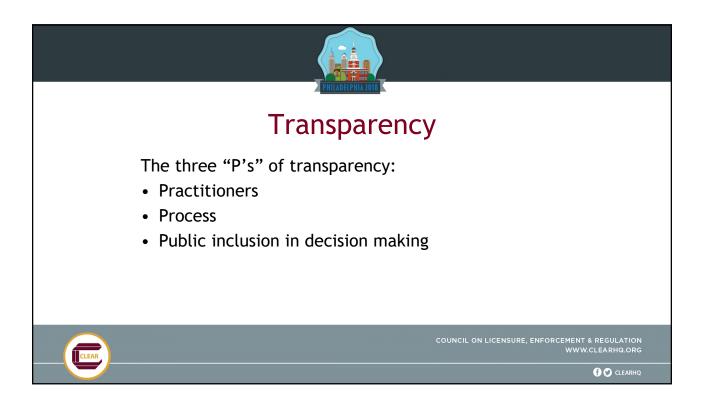
- Reduce Council from 37 to 12
- Half would be public members
- Selection based on experience, knowledge, and skill (by regulator)
- Boot camp for candidates
- Use of advisory bodies
- External, public evaluation every three years















### **Transparency**

#### BC Reliance Review:

- Also supported citizen participation in developing competencies and performance measures
- Including public access to them
- Notes that Freedom of Information approach is unwieldy and urged greater use of online information



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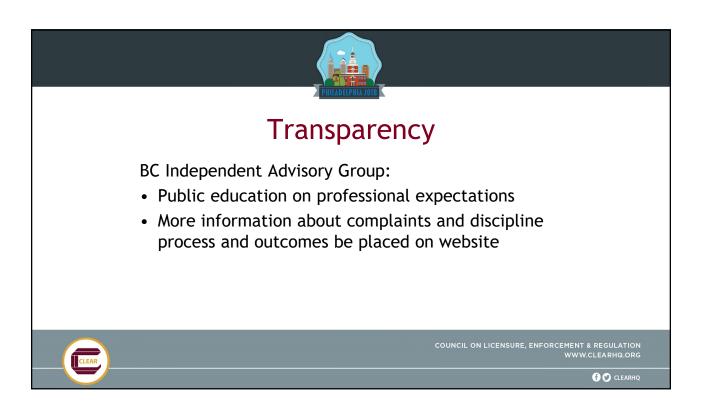
## **Transparency**

#### BC / PSA Review:

 Generally commended the EGBC for its transparency but recommended that Board minutes include not just the decisions, but also some details of the discussion

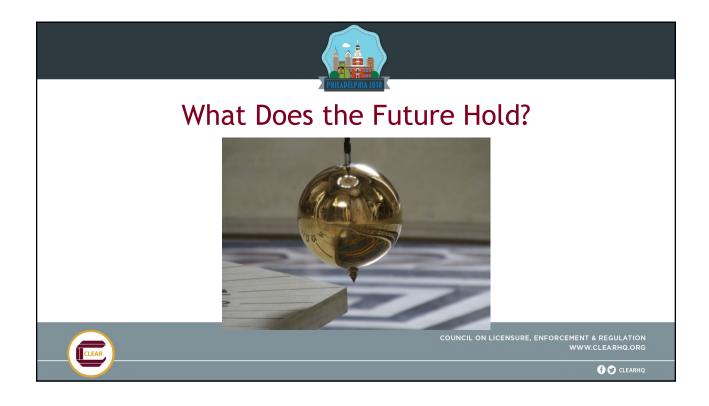














# Links to Reports

- <a href="https://www.mcmasterforum.org/find-">https://www.mcmasterforum.org/find-</a> evidence/products/project/modernizing-the-oversight-of-the-ontario-health-workforce
- https://engage.gov.bc.ca/app/uploads/sites/272/2018/06/Professional \_Reliance\_Review\_Final\_Report.pdf
- https://www.professionalstandards.org.uk/docs/defaultsource/publications/international-reports/review-of-the-legislation-andgovernance-for-engineers-and-geoscientists-in-british-columbia-(june-2018).pdf?sfvrsn=b2d7220\_5



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## Links to Reports

- <a href="https://issuu.com/realestatecouncilofbc/docs/iagreport\_june2016?e=2644">https://issuu.com/realestatecouncilofbc/docs/iagreport\_june2016?e=2644</a> 7547/42259717
- <a href="http://www.cno.org/globalassets/1-whatiscno/governance/final-report---leading-in-regulatory-governance-task-force.pdf">http://www.cno.org/globalassets/1-whatiscno/governance/final-report---leading-in-regulatory-governance-task-force.pdf</a>



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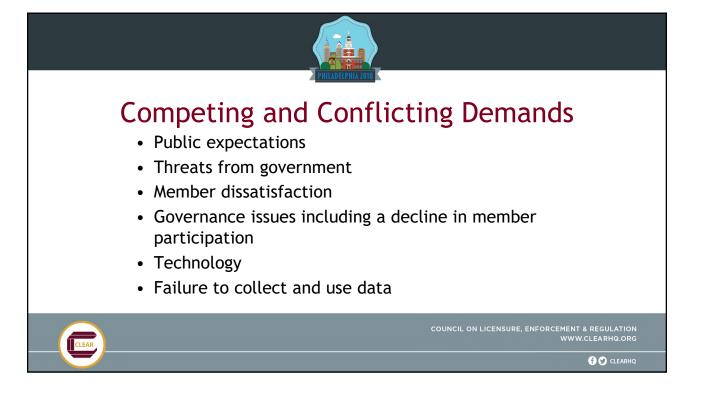
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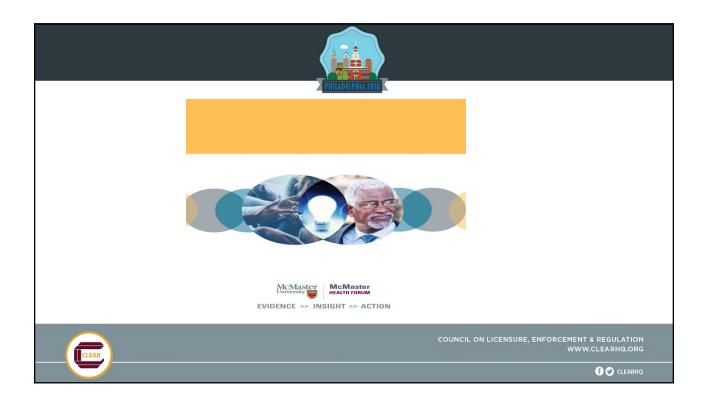




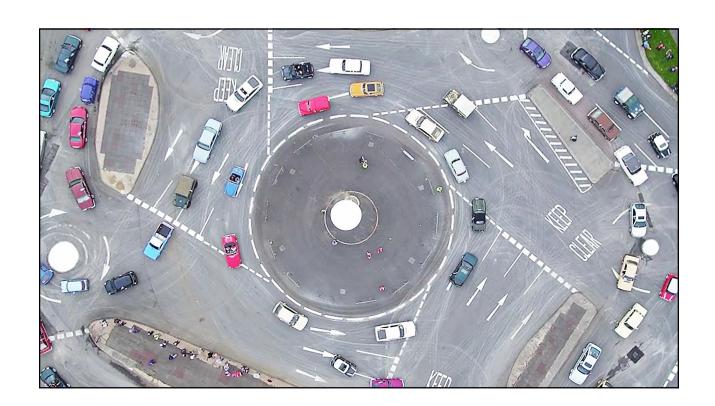














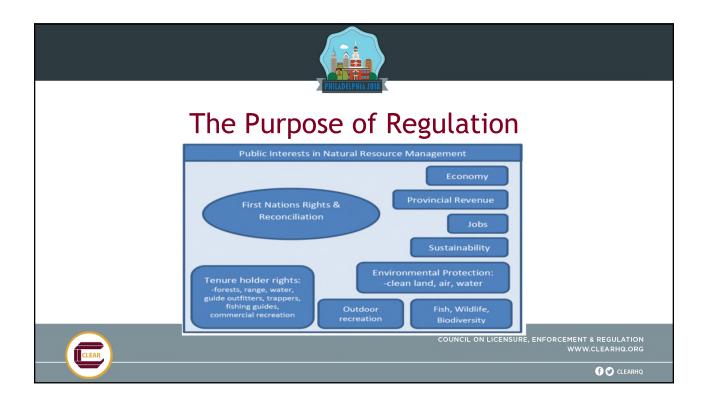
### The Existential Threat

- For those who rest on their laurels of past success
- Coming from inside and outside
- From members of the profession, scholars and governments
- Concerns about the 'who, what, when, where and how' of regulation



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## Triple P Regulation

- Proactive. Principled and Proportionate
  - Address matters before they become problems
  - Focus on outcomes rather than actions that must or must not be taken.
  - Become involved only in those areas where there is a demonstrable proof the regulation will benefit the public.



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## Poll Question - Proactive Regulation

Identify the most significant proactive initiative you have in your regulatory toolkit.

'None' is an acceptable answer







## Regulation and RISK

- Rules often have little to do with the real reasons for regulation
- Rules, codes and standards were generally not designed to minimize harm to the public
- Many rules are hierarchical, often class and gender-biased, and designed to preserve a status quo.



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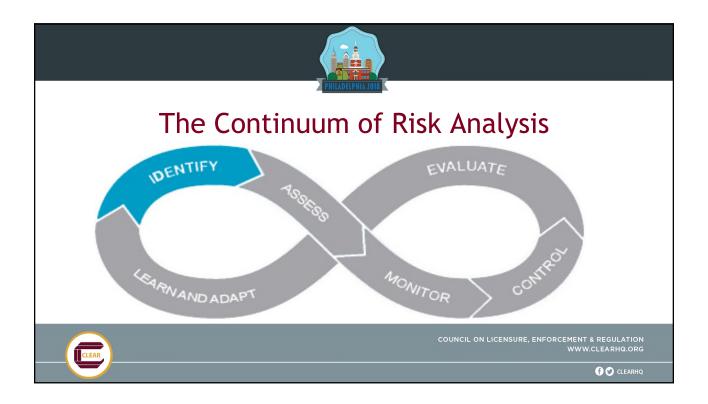


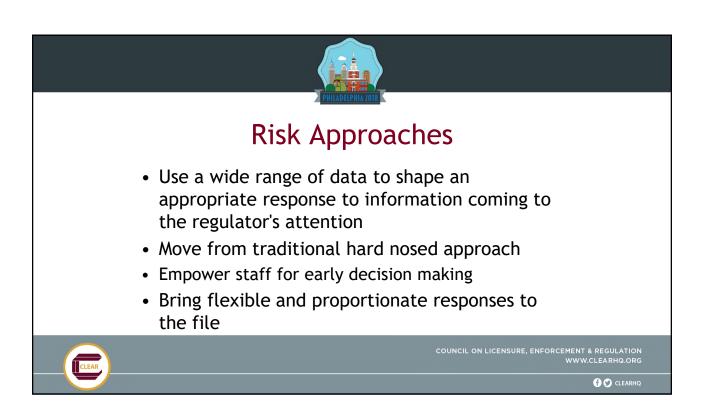
#### RISK BASED APPROACH TO REGULATION

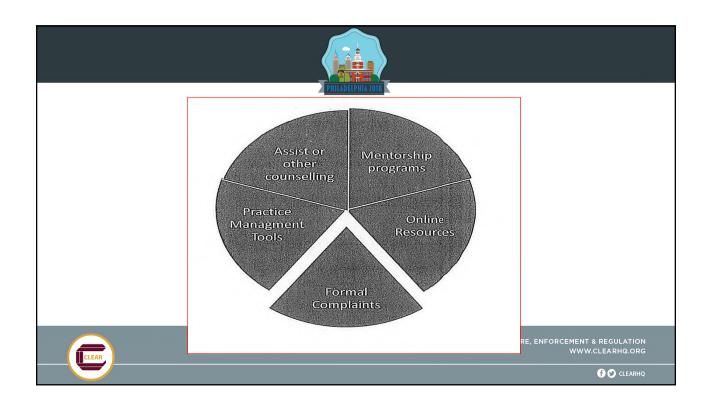
- 1. Clarify the risks to achieving regulatory objectives and the exposure to them.
- 2. Demonstrate the most significant risks, what controls can address them, and that these actions are proportionate and effective
- 3. Governance is in place to escalate risks as appropriate and effective management of risk.













Given that most complaints raise quality of service or minor behavioral issues, this risk approach allows for a purposive and focused remedial or rehabilitative approach.







## Risk Approaches

- Use a wide range of data to shape an appropriate response to information coming to the regulator's attention
- Move from traditional hard nosed approach
- · Empower staff for early decision making
- Bring flexible and proportionate responses to the file



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## Outcomes Focused Regulation

- Demonstration of the nature and quality of regulation - Ties to the objectives for regulation
- How it works
- What it achieves







## Why measure?

... most research does not find that licensing improves quality or public health and safety.

- OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING: A FRAMEWORK FOR POLICYMAKERS - July 2015 -The White House



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## Why measure?

Policymakers, scholars and opinion leaders left, right and center are increasingly recognizing that licensing comes with high costs—fewer job opportunities and steeper prices— and does little to improve quality or protect consumers.

 - License to Work, A National Study of Burdens from Occupational Liscensing, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed







### Poll Question - Outcomes measurement

You have in place an effective means to measure and report on the impact of your professional regulation

- 1. Yes
- 2. No



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### Legal Services Regulation Outcomes

Lawyers and legal entities:

- provide competent legal services.
- provide ethical legal services.
- safeguard client trust money and property.
- provide legal services in a manner that respects and promotes diversity, inclusion, substantive equality and freedom from discrimination.
- provide enhanced access to legal services.







## Outcome Focused Regulation(OFR)

Designed to enable regulated professionals to:

- put clients first, where this doesn't prejudice the
- public interest
- achieve the right outcomes for clients

OFR requires flexibility in regulation

OFR is a move away from prescriptive rules wherever appropriate



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The regulator, while remaining an enforcer, is less of a police officer and more of a traffic cop!















### **Evolving Legislation**

- Pre-1990's: The Health Disciplines Act
  - Monopolistic and profession-driven
  - Limited role for government
- 1990's: Regulated Health Professions Act (RHPA)
  - Delineates roles for the Minister and rights of patients
  - Gives the public a direct but minority role through the appointment of public members to councils
  - Grants broad powers to the Minister to intervene in regulatory affairs to protect the public interest



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### **Reactionary Approach to Oversight**

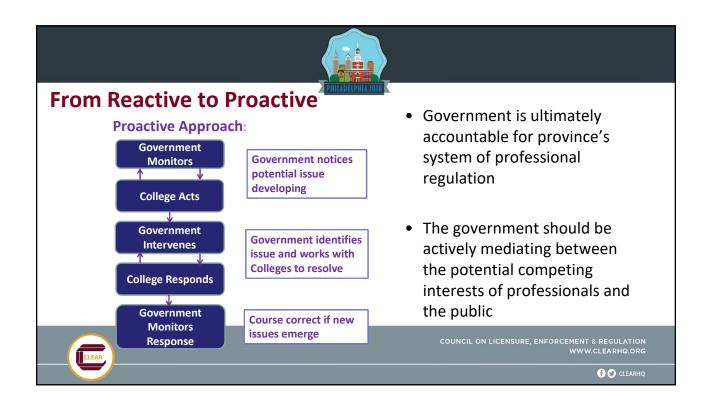
- Role of Colleges has been delegated by government, yet regulators have been perceived as independent
- Government has rarely intervened in college affairs
  - Ministerial powers to request information or compel action have been used infrequently, usually during or in the aftermath of a crisis
  - Reliance on regulators to voluntarily provide information but they are shielded by a 'cone of silence'

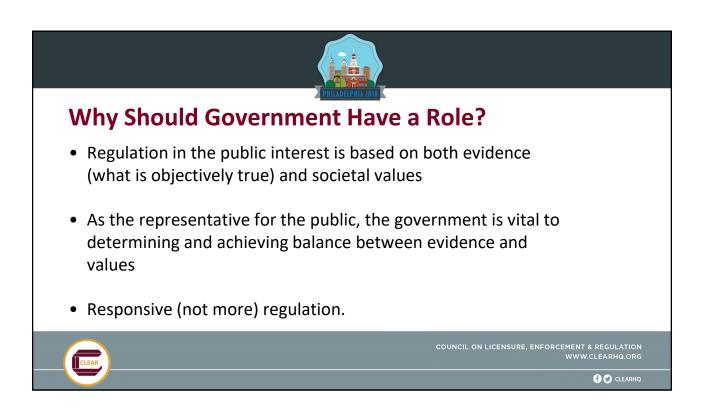


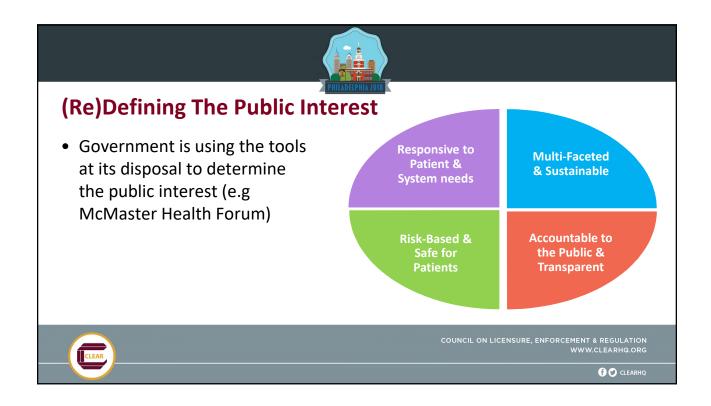


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## **Conclusion**

- Ensuring that regulation in the public interest is the responsibility of government as the representative of the people
- Government is accountable if regulators are not acting in the public interest
- It is necessary to have a clear definition of the public interest and measures of performance



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